## Introduction and Background

Introd	luction:	"We would be at a total without this book. To go from the life of
the co	ngregati	e Gospels right into the Epistles would be a tremendous leap. Who were ions being addressed and how did they come to be? Acts answers these and lestions" (MacDonald).
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I.	Autho	
	A.	The physician,, wrote the book of Acts (Col. 4:14).
	В.	Luke was a close traveling companion of (Acts 16:10-17, 20:5-21; 27:1-28:16).
	C.	Luke wrote more content in his gospel and Acts than Paul wrote.
	D.	He wanted to continue the work he with the gospel (Lu. 1:3,4; Acts 1:1)
II.	Date/S	Setting
	A.	Acts was written around A.D
	B.	"Luke begins the book of Acts where he left off in his gospel. Acts records the fulfillment of the Great Commission" (Talk Thru the Bible).
	C.	The book covers about years of church history.
	D.	The first 7 chapters are in, the next 5 chapters cover Samaria, and the rest of the book covers the known world of that time.
	Theme	e/Purpose
	A.	This book is the link between the Gospels and the Epistles.
	B. C.	It is a book: from Judaism to Christianity, from the Jews to the Gentiles, from the Law to Grace, and from Jerusalem to the world.  The purpose of Acts is more historical than it is
	D.	The epistles are what record the for the local church.
	E.	"The Acts of the Apostles throbs with life and In it we see the
	1 ·	Holy Spirit at work, forming the church, empowering the church, and expanding her outreach" (MacDonald).
	F.	Acts "records the earth-changing events of the Day of Pentecost when the Holy Spirit comes, fulfilling Christ's to wait until the Holy Spirit arrives to empower and direct the witness" (Talk Thru the Bible).
	G.	"The Spirit transforms a small group of fearful men into a thriving, world-wide church that is ever moving and fulfilling the Great Commission" (idid.).
IV.	Key P	assages
	Α.	The key verses are and 2:42-47.
	B.	The key chapter is

Conclusion: "The Acts of the Apostles is the only *inspired* church history; it is also the *first* church history, and the only primary church history to cover the earliest days of the faith" (MacDonald).